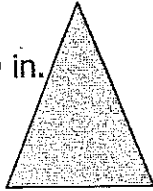


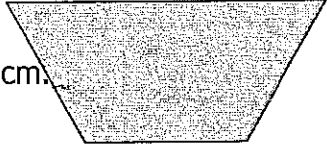
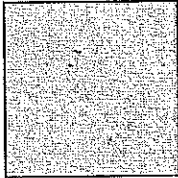




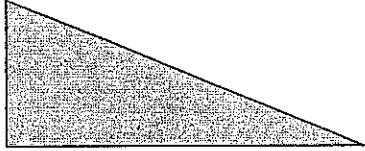
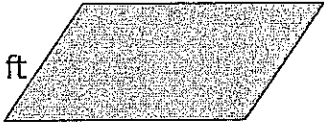



Area of Similar Figures Investigation

Consider the following similar figures. For each pair:

- Find the scale factor of the side lengths.
(How many times bigger or smaller are the sides?)
- Find the scale factor of the areas.
(How many times bigger or smaller are the areas?)

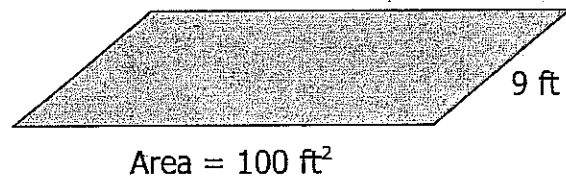
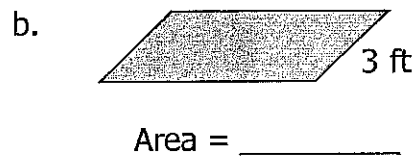
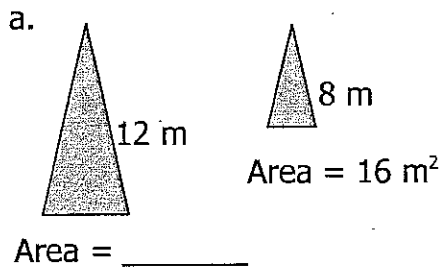
Side Length Scale Factor	Area Scale Factor	Figure 1	Figure 2
$\frac{10}{4} = \frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{50}{8} = \frac{25}{4}$	<p>10 in.</p>  <p>Area = 50 in²</p>	<p>4 in.</p>  <p>Area = 8 in²</p>
		<p>1 cm.</p>  <p>Area = 5 cm²</p>	<p>4 cm.</p>  <p>Area = 80 cm²</p>
		<p>10 m</p>  <p>Area = 80 m²</p>	<p>5 m</p>  <p>Area = 20 m²</p>
		<p>5 cm</p>  <p>Area = 75 cm²</p>	<p>2 cm</p>  <p>Area = 12 cm²</p>

		 4 in. Area = 6 in^2	 12 in. Area = 54 in^2
		 6 ft Area = 45 ft^2	 4 ft Area = 20 ft^2

1. What do you notice about the relationship between side length scale factor and the area scale factor?

Class Rule:

2. Use what you just found regarding the relationship of side length scale factor and area scale factor to find a missing area in each pair of similar figures below.



How can we check to see if the areas that we found are correct?