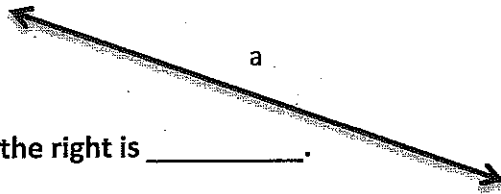


NAME \_\_\_\_\_

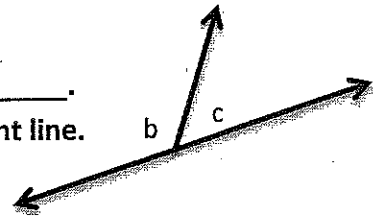
## Summing to 180°



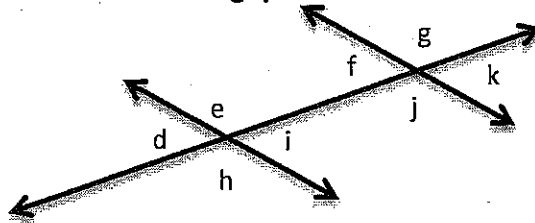
1. The measure of the angle a, pictured to the right is \_\_\_\_\_.

2. Therefore the sum of the two angles b and c pictured here is equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Angles b and c are called a "linear pair", because together they form a straight line.



4. Use this information to answer the following questions...



a. If  $m\angle d = 45$ , then  $m\angle e =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

e. If  $m\angle g = 149$ , then  $m\angle j =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

b. If  $m\angle i = 37$ , then  $m\angle e =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

f. If  $m\angle i = 21$ , then  $m\angle j =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

c. If  $m\angle j = 170$ , then  $m\angle k =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

g. If  $m\angle d = 14$ , then  $m\angle i =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

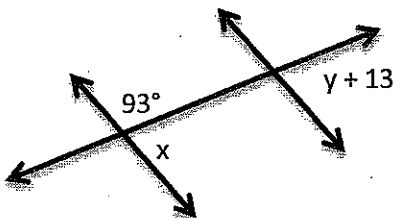
d. If  $m\angle g = 153$ , then  $m\angle f =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

h. If  $m\angle h = 130$ , then  $m\angle j =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

Now let's get a little tougher!

5. Each of the following diagrams show parallel lines, cut by a transversal. Find the value of each variable. Show work.

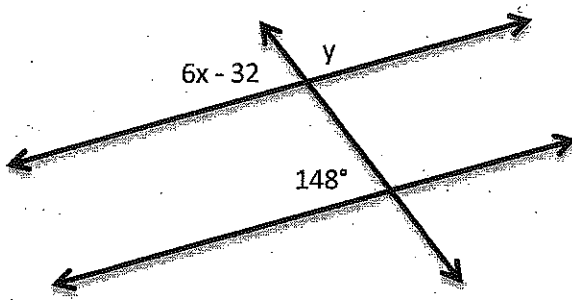
a.



x = \_\_\_\_\_

y = \_\_\_\_\_

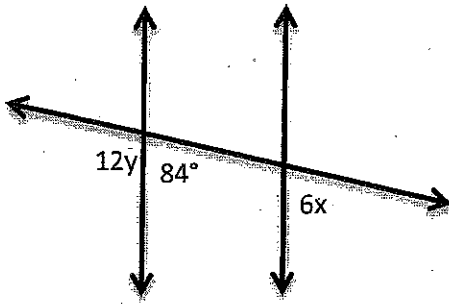
b.



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

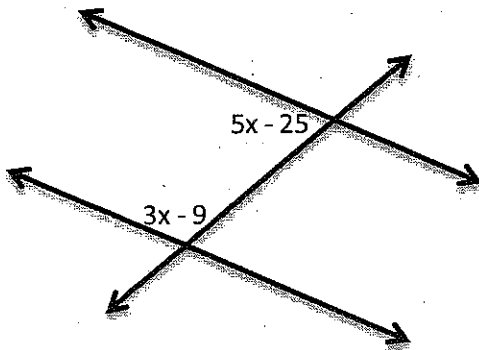
c.



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

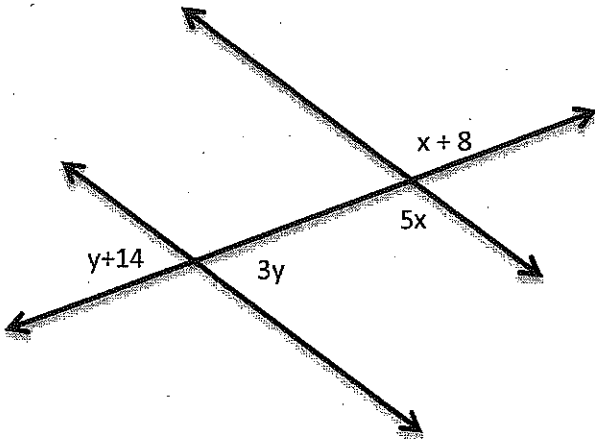
$y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

d.



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

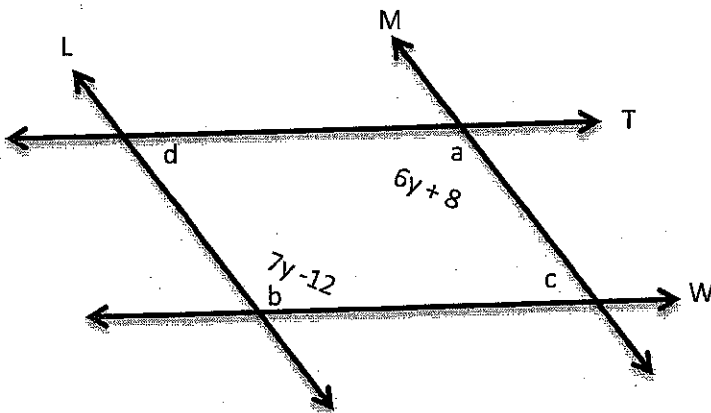
e.



$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5. L is parallel to M and T is parallel to W (forming a parallelogram). Opposite angles in a parallelogram, such as  $\angle a$  and  $\angle b$  are equal in measure. Find the measure of each angle by finding the value of  $y$ . show work.



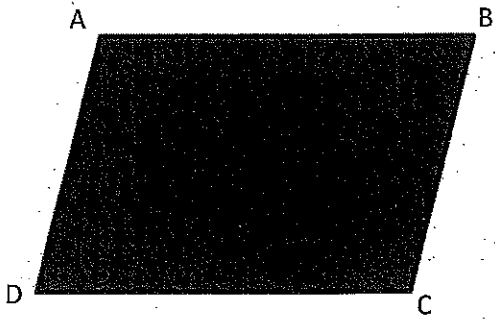
$m\angle a =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$m\angle b =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$m\angle c =$  \_\_\_\_\_

$m\angle d =$  \_\_\_\_\_

6. Quadrilateral ABCD is a parallelogram. Use what you learned in #5 to find the measure of each of the angles in the parallelogram. Show work.



$$m\angle A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle B = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle C = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$m\angle D = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

7. Look at the picture in #6. The following pairs of angles are "pairs of consecutive angles" in a parallelogram:  $\angle D$  and  $\angle C$ ,  $\angle C$  and  $\angle B$ ,  $\angle B$  and  $\angle A$ ,  $\angle A$  and  $\angle D$

Using what you know about angles and using #6 if needed, what is the relationship between consecutive angles in a parallelogram?